

AT AUCTION BY W. E. FISHER AUCTIONEER

WE AUCTION.
WE SELL REAL ESTATE.
WE RENT HOUSES.
WE COLLECT RENTS.
WE EXPERT BOOKS.
WE ACT AS RECEIVERS, COMMISSIONERS AND REFEREES.
WE ARE APPRAISERS, AND OUR TELEPHONE IS NO. 424
Office and Salesroom—
COR. FORT AND QUEEN STS.
FISHER, ABLES CO., LTD.

THIS DAY At Auction

TUESDAY, JANUARY 17, 1905
AT 10 O'CLOCK A. M.

At our NEW SALESROOMS, corner Fort and Queen streets, opposite H. Hackfeld & Co., Ltd., we will sell a fine assortment of

Dry Goods

Consisting of Storm Serge, English Dress Goods, Florida Flannel, Twill, Sateen, Mull, Percale, Oxford Suitings, Drill, Prints, Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc.

ALSO
Tinware, Ironware, Crockery, Showcases, Lawn Mowers, Valises, Garden Benches and Seats, Oil Stoves, Sewing Machines, Pictures, Baskets, Etc.

Household Furniture

Of all Descriptions.
FISHER, ABLES CO., LTD.
Real Estate Agents and Auctioneers
Corner Fort and Queen streets.

AT AUCTION

WEDNESDAY, FEB. 1, 1905.

Upon the premises, No. 732 Kinau street. We will sell by order of W. H. Pfluger, Esq., at his residence, No. 732 Kinau street, mauka side a few doors Waikiki of Alapai street.

Household Furniture

Consisting of: Cane and Wicker Lani Chairs, a new Seller Piano, Ornaments, Rugs, Couches, Settees, Ebony Tables, Pedestals, fine large extension Dining Table, Oak Sideboard, Cutlery, Plated Ware, Crockery, China, Double and Single Iron and Brass Bedsteads, Wardrobes, Bureaus, Mosquito Nets, Bed Linen, Table Linen, Elegant Black Walnut Chamber Sets, Chiffoniers, Gurney Refrigerator, Sunrise Wood Stove, like new; Jewel Gasoline Range, Meat Safe, Cooking Utensils, Water Cooler, Provisions, Glassware, Hose, etc., etc., etc.

FISHER, ABLES CO., LTD.
Real Estate Agents, Auctioneers, Accountants, Etc.
Cor. Fort and Queen Streets.

FOR RENT.

COTTAGE of six rooms on left hand side of Pihiki street from King street, being the middle cottage of three—between King and Young streets—Contains six rooms, bath, electric lights, etc.; rent \$25; vacant February 1. Can be inspected immediately.

FISHER, ABLES CO., LTD.
Real Estate Agents and Auctioneers,
Corner Fort and Queen streets.

Great CREDITORS SALE

The following are the cuts in prices, so that the stock can be quickly closed out:
E. & W. COLLARS, \$2.25 per doz.
ARROW BRAND COLLARS, \$1.25 per doz.

GOLF SHIRTS, the \$1.25 line cut to \$1.00
GOLF SHIRTS, the \$1.75 line cut to \$1.25
GOLF SHIRTS, the \$2.00 line cut to \$1.50
GOLF SHIRTS, the \$2.50 line cut to \$1.75
Everything in the store at the same proportion.

I. Livingston's
1075 Bishop Street,
Alexander Young Bldg.

HAIR CLEANING AND DYEING WORKS

Fort Street, opposite Star Block.
LADIES' AND GENTS' CLOTHING
CLEANED AT LOWEST PRICES.
Phone White 2362.

MAY TAKE TWO WEEKS

To Obtain a Jury
for Trial of
Jones.

Fee Asked for Magoon's
Washington Trip
Expenses.

Issue in Embezzlement Case—Admissions to Bar—Court Notes.

There were only sixteen jurors available in the trial box from which to begin empaneling a jury for the trial of E. M. Jones, charged with the murder of Linda K. Jones. With two jurors passed on examination for cause the list was exhausted at 2:30 in the afternoon. Nine of those drawn are yet to be examined. Clerk Simonton, by direction of Judge Robinson, issued a special venire for fifty jurors returnable at 10 o'clock this morning. It is thought likely that a jury may not be obtained for two weeks. Several jurors will probably, on the average, have to be called to fill the place of each juror let out for cause. Then, when twelve men have passed for cause, the prosecution may turn out six men and the defense twelve, under peremptory challenges, and every new juror called has to undergo the ordeal of examination for cause why he should not sit on the jury.

OTHER CRIMINAL MATTERS.
Judge Robinson has assigned a considerable number of criminal cases to Judge De Bolt. Among them is that of Eugene Arroyo for murder.

BILLS OF PARTICULARS.
There was a hearing before Judge Robinson yesterday afternoon on the motions for bills of particulars in the cases of Vivian Richardson and Chang Ah. Deputy Attorney General Peters contends, in the Richardson case, that where an indictment for embezzlement names the amount of money taken a bill of particulars cannot be granted. A side issue he raised was that the motion was not supported by affidavits. As the court did not wish to see the main contention complicated on appeal with minor points, he granted A. G. M. Robertson, counsel for defendant, until January 30 to furnish affidavits.

PROBATE.
Ellen Dwight, administratrix of the estate of C. B. Dwight, has filed an inventory, showing personal property valued at \$3191.65 and real estate at \$4300, a total valuation of \$7491.65.

Judge De Bolt appointed Carolina Teves administratrix of the estate of Eduardo J. Teves under a bond of \$250. A. G. Correa appeared for petitioner.

WRIT OF POSSESSION.
Deputy Sheriff Henry C. Vida returns as fully satisfied a writ of possession in the suit of Joseph O. Carter et al. vs. Chong Chock et al. The premises consist of 78-100ths of an acre of land at Kukui street and Pauoa stream, and Frank S. Dodge was put in possession for the B. P. Bishop Estate. Holmes & Stanley for plaintiffs waived costs.

EXPENSES TO WASHINGTON.
J. S. Low, petitioner in the celebrated Parker case, by his attorney, J. A. Magoon, yesterday filed a motion before Judge Robinson for an attorney's fee as compensation for counsel's trip to Washington to argue the case before the United States Supreme Court.

JUDGMENT.
In the suit of John Nott vs. Joseph Silva, Judge De Bolt gave judgment for plaintiff for \$72.50, to which defendant excepted, and ruled against attorney's commission, to which plaintiff excepted. G. A. Davis for plaintiff; Charles Creighton for defendant.

ADMITTED TO PRACTICE.
Clarence Hannon Olson, William H. Heen and Harry T. Mills have been admitted to the practice of law in all the courts of the Territory, and each has taken the attorney's oath before Chief Justice Frear. Mr. Olson is admitted on certificate. Messrs. Heen and Mills are local recruits of the bar.

COURT NOTES.
Tung Yau has filed an amended complaint against Liliuokalani in his suit for \$2000 damages on account of ejection from land he had leased from defendant. Judge De Bolt denied without prejudice a motion for nonsuit in the case of Pacific Mill Co., Ltd., vs. Enterprise Mill Co., Ltd.

Fred. Harrison has brought suit against Richard Weedon for \$325 on a promissory note. Judge De Bolt's jurors appear this morning.

IN AMERICA Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is a great favorite with the mothers of small children for colds, croup and whooping cough. It contains no harmful substance and always gives prompt relief. Sold by all dealers. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for Hawaii.

THE LIVE STOCK BREEDERS' ASSOCIATION MEETING

Yesterday's meeting of the Live Stock Breeders' Association was the most important that has been held in a long time. The President, L. von Tempsky, was in the chair, and the subjects under discussion were the price of beef, and the ways and means of reducing the retail price of meat to the consumer without lowering the price which the graziers should receive for their product from the Metropolitan Meat Company.

Under the present method, all cattle are sold by the graziers to the Metropolitan Meat Company, which corporation in turn sells to the retailers. A committee of graziers was appointed to confer with the representatives of the Metropolitan Meat Company, but no conclusion was reached yesterday.

A meeting of the stockholders of the Metropolitan Meat Company has been called for today to further consider the subject, and to have fuller conference with the graziers.

There were eight new members elected to the Association, among them being H. P. Baldwin, J. D. Paris, Robert Hind, L. A. Andrews and H. T. Beckley.

Those present at yesterday's meeting were: T. S. Kay, Palmer Woods, Eben Low, F. W. Wunderburg, representing Samuel Parker; Dr. J. H. Raymond, George Robertson, G. N. Wilson, J. P. Cooke, A. W. Carter, H. M. Von Holt, Robert Hamer, H. T. Beckley, J. D. Paris, Jared G. Smith, E. E. Conant, L. A. Thurston, L. L. McCandless, Gilbert Waller, David Dowsett, Robert Hind, J. C. Munroe, John Low, H. W. Greenwell, John Maguire, James McKenzie, Albert Judd, J. F. Brown, R. W. Shingle, L. von Tempsky, C. Bolte, Albert Wilcox, Frank Woods, W. M. Giffard, A. Ingham, and Mr. Cullen representing S. M. Damon.

MR. BEARDSLEE ENTERS THE PRESS CONTROVERSY

(Continued from Page 1.)

is and No. 24 Iron, and makes the statement that nobody but the Architect and the Contractor could tell the difference and then (without realizing how it would sound to the initiated) naively remarks that the job was put up for someone else and that as he was an outsider and a contractor who was not "friendly" with this Architect he had decided not to bid. Wise man! This Architect was, up to the morning of Jan. 14th friendly to Mr. Harrison, but not quite that "friendly."

That Mr. Harrison is in a position to furnish "Expert" and most convincing testimony, as to just what might be done with the hearty co-operation of an Architect who was "friendly" no one questions, and his reminiscences would no doubt be interesting to the public and would solve beyond peradventure the much mooted questions as to whose axe he was trying to grind when he wrote the above mentioned remarkable letter? and whose dirty work he was doing when he rounded up a lot of the local contractors, in his place, and pleaded coaxed and urged them to put their names to his "prepared" letter to Gov. Carter? with rather poor success, as the public may have noticed. That Mr. Harrison is an expert in all that kind of work I admit, but when it comes to the reading of plain English, to the telling of the truth and to matters of construction, he simply, very simply! Makes himself ridiculous, for proof of which I turn to his own letter. He says "The brick wall does not need to be thicker than the concrete wall either for purposes of strength or excluding moisture." "Trantwine," who has (until Harrison was heard from) been considered the authority on these matters says, that "It cannot be considered safe to expose even first-class pressed brick-work in cement, to more than thirteen or sixteen tons pressure per square foot, or about 200 lbs. per sq. inch, or good hand moulded brick to more than two-thirds as much." And "Kiddie" (A third Authority) advises as maximum safe loads on brick piers, laid in lime mortar, 138 lbs. per square inch, while exhaustive, private and Government tests of "hand-tamped hollow concrete blocks" give a crushing strength of from 2000 to 2600 lbs. per square inch. So much for the "strength," as to the "exclusion of moisture," Harrison's statement is even more ridiculous, if that were possible.

Harrison says "It was intended to shut out brick" true concrete was known by me to be not only cheaper, but much more desirable from every standpoint and the plans were prepared and the specifications drawn for that construction, as I felt that only by its use could I keep within the appropriation, but at the earnest solicitation of Mr. Harrison and others, who claimed that brick buildings would be better and cheaper, the brief addenda to the specifications was prepared at the last moment, with the result that the parties making the request did not bid at all, and the successful bidders made a difference of (as I recall it) over \$7000 in favor of Concrete Blocks, and they figured to make them under "pressure" too, for I have in my possession a letter written long ago, to me by a relative who is in the Concrete Block business on the Coast, asking if I would not please leave off the "pressure" clause, as his wife was an invalid and the Doctors had advised him to bring her here for the winter, which he would be able to do, then, as Mr. Amweg had promised to give him charge of the work "If he could get me to change the specifications." There is a fire Italian hand for you. But pardon this little digression a man who has a "skunk to skin" should not linger over the job. 'tis said. Mr. Harrison says my brick specifications call for door and window finish and casings, which are not called for in the block construction, wonderfully correct that statement surely is. In the making of the cement blocks a "chase" or "recess" is moulded in all the door and window blocks in which the Jambs are firmly fixed and cemented, and the hollow in the window blocks serve as a pocket for the window weights to

work in, the corners of the blocks at all openings are rounded, and the putty coat is put on round the corners and finishes back against the edges of the Jambs, doing away with the necessity for the regulation wooden box window frames, as well as all wooden casings and stool finish, doing away, in fact, with a lot of expense for inflammable and destructible material, that could be easily damaged by a violent Lunatic and leaving out all sharp angles everywhere, against which a patient might seriously injure himself or another. Now if Mr. Harrison or any of his "friendly" Architects, will show me how a window or door jamb can be fastened in a first class manner in a nine inch brick wall and kept firmly in place without a casing on each side, I'll be much obliged. Mr. Harrison says that the brick walls are unnecessarily thick. If I had his idea of the great strength of brick construction, I might agree with him, but I haven't. The hollow in the wall which Mr. Harrison in this statement intentionally ignores, is an absolute necessity for the requirements of these buildings, securing freedom from dampness and giving much needed ventilation to the small cells, and the 4 inches of outside brick is merely a shell, the weight of floors, etc., having to be entirely sustained by that portion of the wall inside of the hollow, which in the case in question leaves but a 13 inch solid wall for the first and a 9 inch solid wall for the second story, of buildings 123 feet long, with only one cross partition wall to help brace the second stories, the outside walls of which are weakened by many window openings. In view of the immense wind pressure liable to be brought against these walls at the mouth of the ravine where the Asylum grounds are located, were I to make any change in the brick walls at all, it would be to increase and not to diminish the thickness specified.

Mr. Harrison further states that "the specifications for the concrete foundations call for 3 rows of railroad iron to strengthen it. This amounts to a considerable sum." This is true, except for the trifling inaccuracies that nowhere do the specifications call for 3 rows of railroad iron, and that estimated at the price given the writer by the Rapid Transit Co. for the second-hand iron rails of the Tramway Co. (which fill the requirements of the specifications) the rails called for would cost, not to exceed \$250. And lastly Mr. H. states that Mr. Emmeluth told him "That it would be an impossibility to bend No. 18 iron" for the cornice work. Had Mr. Emmeluth made such a statement it would not be true but, Mr. Emmeluth in a letter to me dated Jan. 16th makes over his own signature a positive denial as follows:

Honolulu, T. H., January 16, 1905.
F. W. Beardslee, Esq., Architect

Sir: At the time of submitting tenders for Sheet Metal Work and Plumbing for above Institution we made tender to two contractors on their personal request for material lighter than that in specification, naming the gauge of materials bid on, and one of these bids went to Mr. Fred Harrison.

We also tendered to Concrete Construction Company for material as specified. Our bid to them on this account being \$1250.00 in excess of the two bids above mentioned, as shown by press copies of the several bids.

This bid refutes the statement by Mr. Harrison, that I said the Material specified would break in bending. I may have said to him that there is no machine in Honolulu that could bend the material specified in full lengths of sheet, which is true.

Mainland facilities cover constructions in even heavier material than specified and machines are obtainable that will successfully do this class of work. Yours truly,
EMMELUTH & CO., LTD.
J. Emmeluth, Manager.

And this is the evidence on which Harrison bases his statement that "As No. 18 iron could not be used for cornices, I consider this a fake proposition" so that is what he considers, is it? Well, I consider that the man who would make a "personal request" for a figure on lighter material than the specifications called for is a fakir and a jobber and must at that time have been figuring on trying to establish "friendly" relations with the Architect. And now, to sum it all up, Mr. Editor, I will leave it for the public to decide as to whether the statements of Mr. Harrison either those already

Dry Goods REMNANT SALE

Washington knew how to seize the opportunity. So did Lincoln, and Grant. So do the Japanese today.

Why should not YOU take the opportunity of our immense REMNANT SALE that begins

Monday Morning

Thousands of dry goods remnants of every description of goods and lengths will be sacrificed, and you are welcome to take your pick.

Remnants of Silk.	Remnants of India Linen.
Remnants of Woolen Goods.	Remnants of Every Description of Wash Materials.
Remnants of White Goods.	Remnants of Draperies.
Remnants of Silk Zephyrs.	
Remnants of Batiste.	

PACIFIC IMPORT CO.



An Ideal Beverage

THE
BREW OF QUALITY
AND ABSOLUTE PURITY IS
Primo Lager
Delightful in Flavor
AND
Invigorating.

LEONARD Cleanable Refrigerators

They are dry, safe and reliable.
Porcelain lined and very easily cleanable.
Altogether the best refrigerators made.

H. HACKFELD & CO., LTD.
Hardware Department.

OUR PARADISE.

As we trudge o'er Life's rugged path,
And drift away o'er sea and land,
We care not for Dame Fortune's wrath
When once upon this shore we stand.

The hapless past becomes a dream;
It fades away from present thought;
The present now is all agleam
With future promises well fraught.

For this, the land of sunny climes—
Hawaii, which doth so entice—
Is now, and shall be at all times,
The ocean's perfect Paradise.

AN ADMIRER.

made, or yet to come, are entitled to belief. That he has "reasons" which to him are undoubtedly "good and sufficient" for "butting in" to this controversy, in the way he has, is to be taken for granted, but he certainly has shown himself to be a very poor workman in his inability to hew at all close to the "line of truth." If sir, you feel that your readers would like to know something of this "Hollow block construction" about which so much has been said recently, I will be pleased to let you see the enclosed paper, which was prepared at the request of several of the local officials of the United States Govt. and by them forwarded to Washington, where I hope it is now receiving favorable notice at the hands of the Army and Navy Departments, in their consideration of the various building materials for their proposed constructions both here and in the Philippines.

I remain, sir, yours repty.
F. W. BEARDSLEE.

Clarence H. Olson.
Mr. Clarence H. Olson was yesterday admitted to practice before the Supreme Court of the Territory and before the United States District Court. Mr. Olson, who arrived here recently and is now in the offices of Smith and Lewis, is a graduate of Harvard Law

School, and immediately prior to coming to the Islands was engaged as an instructor in admiralty law at Harvard Law School. Mr. Olson is accompanied by his wife and both are much pleased with their first impressions of Hawaii.

NOTICE.

Owing to the hard times the R. & B. Association will accept all those that wish to become members by paying weekly installments of fifty cents or more till the amount of \$4.50 is fully paid. They will then receive their certificate of membership. Now is your chance and don't delay joining at once. Relief and Burial Association, 69 Beretania street, between Fort and Nuuanu streets.

Honolulu Concrete Dray Co.

Builders of cement and stone buildings. Have for sale white and black sand. Monument, foundation and coral stones, ballast for ships. We also do grading and excavating and have garden soil for sale. Hauling at reasonable rates. Office: Emma Hall, Nuuanu and Beretania streets. Phone Blue 1211.